

SwissPhotonics Workshop 2024

«3D reconstruction with multi-view structured light»

Philipp Roebrock



3D structured light scanner: High accuracy for static objects



Keyence VR6000



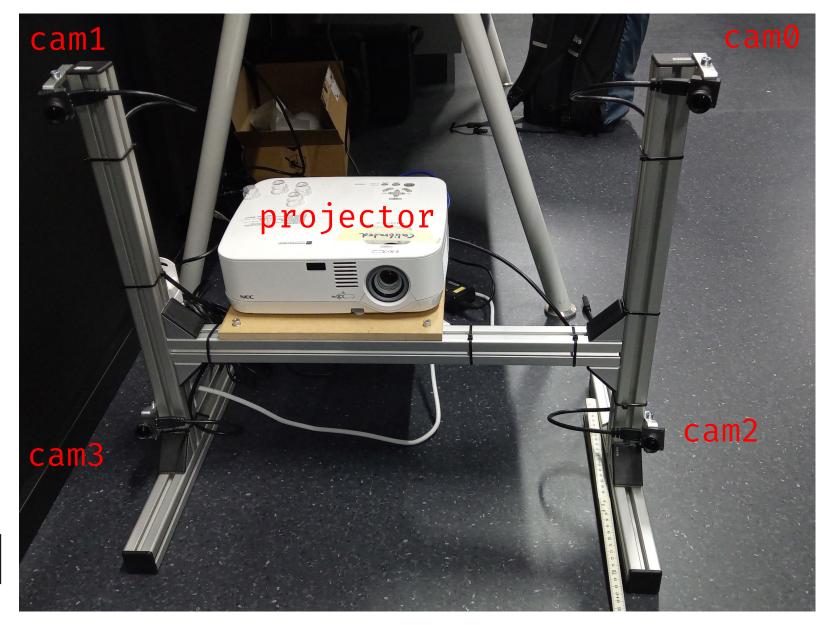








Let's build our own: How hard can it be?



Off-the-shelf components:

- Projector NEC NP610 with 1024x768 resolution
- Cameras 4x Basler daA3840-45µm 8 MPix, monochrome, USB, lens 8mm/F1.8, resolution scaled down to 1920x1080
- Distance to object: 90cm

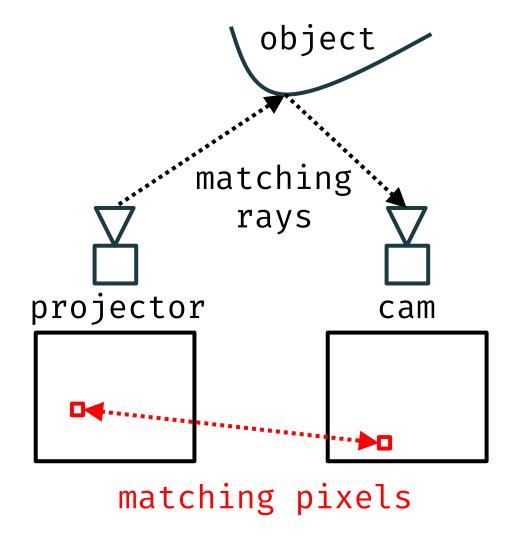


Test target





Approach



- Turn on single pixel on projector
- Camera sees bright pixel (region)
- In 3D, corresponding projector and camera rays meet at point at object surface -> 3D Point!
- Switching on every single projector pixel and taking an image is not practical, we need to encode the projector pixels over a series of images

TODO:

- Match pixels projector -> camera(s)
- Intersect rays (bundle adjust)



Phase shift correspondence matching

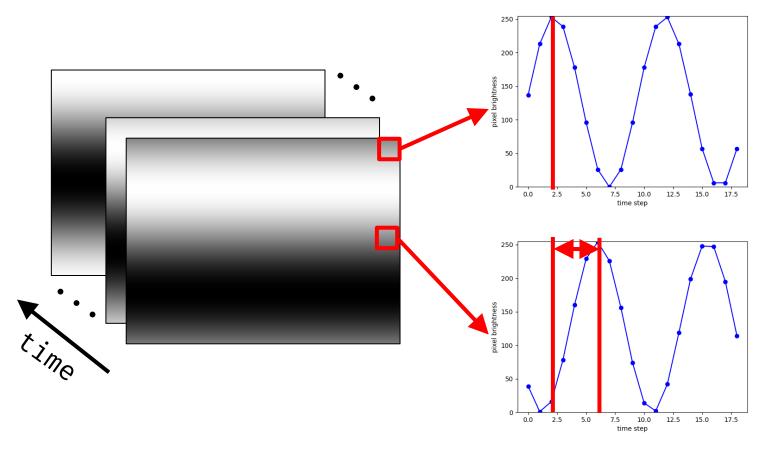
projector cam1







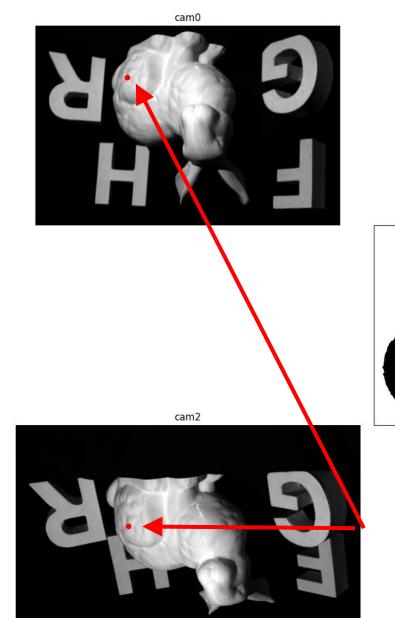
Phase shift correspondence matching

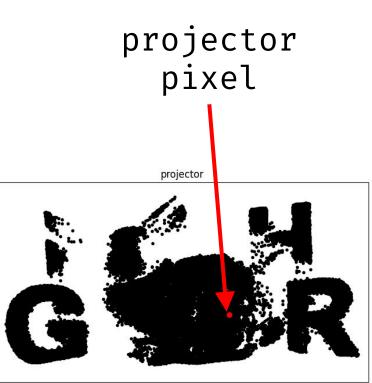




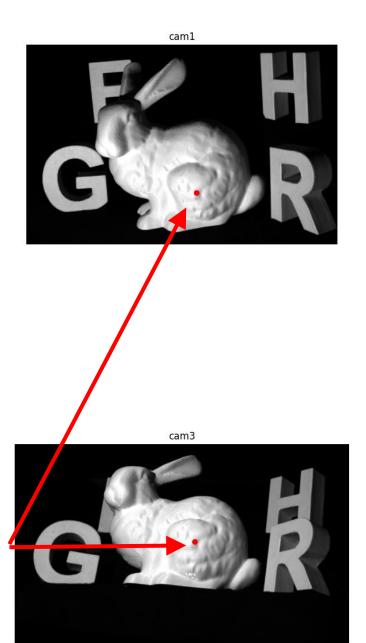
phase encodes image row!

Bundle adjustment: Corresponding pixels





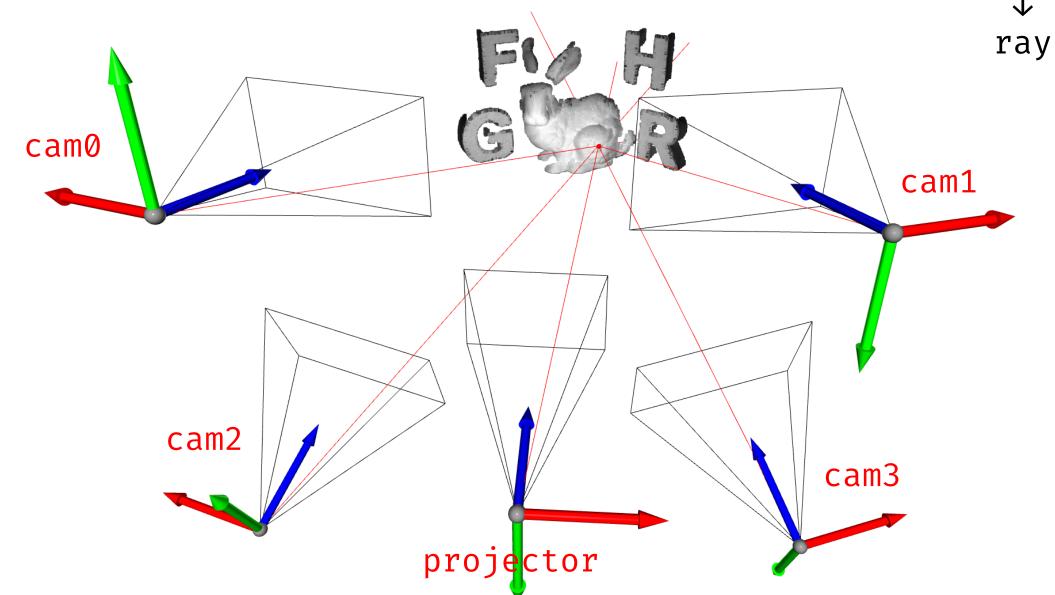






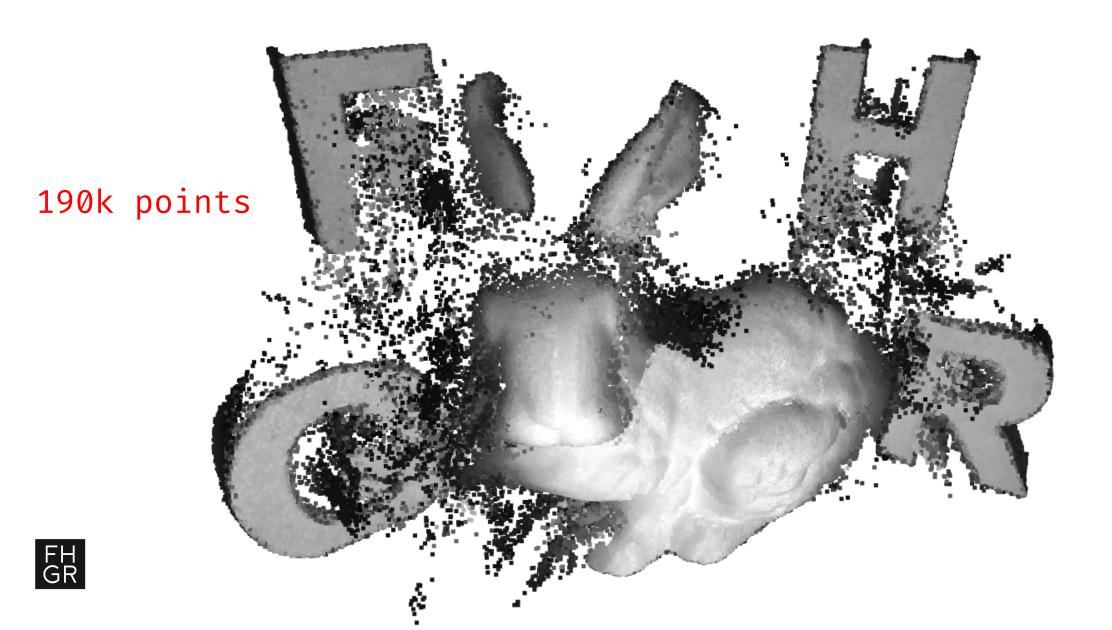
Bundle adjustment: Corresponding rays

camera model: pixel on chip

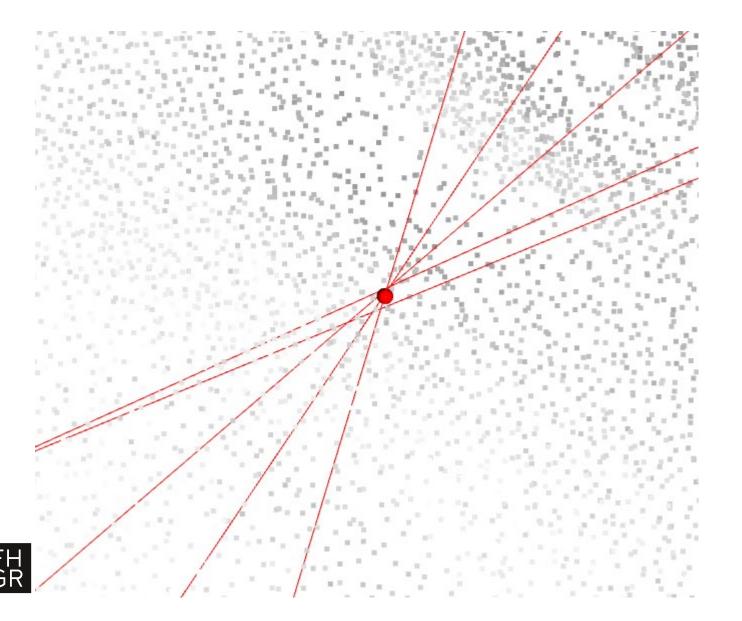




Raw reconstruction



Bunde adjustment error estimation



Bundle adjustments find the 3D object point where all rays are closest to each other.

We can calculate the average distance of all rays to the object point as a measure of error!

Bundle adjustment residuals

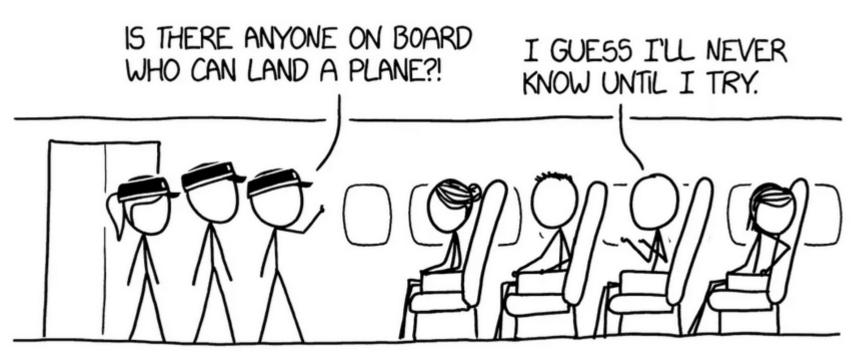


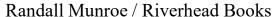
Filtered by residual error <2mm





Conclusion







References

- Institut für Photonics und Robotics (IPR) an der Fachhochschule Graubünden
- Open-Source Project: Computer vision problems, simulations and solutions: <u>Lighthouse</u>
- IEEE Standard 1057: IEEE Standard for Digitizing Waveform Recorders
- D. Moreno and G. Taubin, "Simple, Accurate, and Robust Projector-Camera Calibration," 2012 Second International Conference on 3D Imaging, Modeling, Processing, Visualization & Transmission, Zurich, Switzerland, 2012, pp. 464-471, doi: 10.1109/3DIMPVT.2012.77.

